

#### □ 4. Conclusion

□ In this paper, we calculated the error due to ozone and aerosols in measurement of SO<sub>2</sub> concentrations of ppb order using DIAL. The statistical error of the return signal and background noise can be overcome by improving the system constant (laser output, receiver area, optical efficiency of the receiver). On the other hand, systematic errors due to ozone and aerosols are inherent in the measurement method, and cannot be eliminated solely by improving the system constant. In conventional two-wavelength DIAL, the systematic error is over 1.5 ppb and the measurement accuracy is insufficient. In order to improve the measurement accuracy, a multiwavelength differential absorption method using three or more wavelengths is effective. In this paper we have considered dual-DIAL methods using three or four wavelengths and a curvefit method using five wavelengths, and indicated that the measurement errors due to ozone and aerosols can be reduced relative to conventional DIAL or eliminated. When these methods are compared, four-wavelength dual-DIAL is superior in view of measurement accuracy and measurement/processing speeds.

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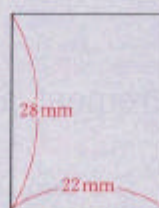
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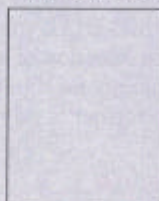
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Taro Denshi



(Non-member) received a Ph.D. degree in physics from Denshi Institute of Technology in 1995, and is presently an assistant professor at Denshi University. He has worked on laser spectroscopy, and development of LIDAR systems. Japan Applied Physics Society, American Physical Society member.

Hanako Denki



(Member) received a Ph.D. degree in electrical engineering from Electric University in 1984, and is presently a professor at Denki University. She has worked on analysis of electromagnetic flow coupler pumps, development of Cherenkov radiation monitors for nuclear inspection, and development of laser beam intensity transformation techniques. Japan Applied Physics Society, Laser Society of Japan, Optical Society of America member.